

H1 2021 Results Presentation

August 02, 2021



This presentation is based on FBN Holdings Plc's ('FBNH' or 'FBNHoldings' or the 'Group') unaudited financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2021. The Group's Financial statements represent FBN Holdings Plc and its subsidiaries.

FBNHoldings has obtained some information from sources it believes to be credible. Although FBNHoldings has taken all reasonable care to ensure that all information herein is accurate and correct, FBNHoldings makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, as to the accuracy, correctness or completeness of the information. In addition, some of the information in this presentation may be condensed or incomplete and this presentation may not contain all material information in respect of FBNHoldings.

This presentation contains forward-looking statements which reflect management's expectations regarding the Group's future growth, results of operations, performance, business prospects and opportunities. Wherever possible, words such as "anticipate", "believe", "expect", "intend", "estimate", "project", "target", "risk", "goal" and similar terms and phrases have been used to identify the forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management's current beliefs and are based on information currently available to the management. Certain material factors or assumptions have been applied in drawing the conclusions contained in the forward-looking statements. These factors or assumptions are subject to inherent risks and uncertainties surrounding future expectations generally.

FBNHoldings cautions readers that a number of factors could cause actual results, performances or achievements to differ materially from the results discussed or implied in the forward-looking statements. These factors should be considered carefully, and undue reliance should not be placed on the forward-looking statements. For additional information with respect to certain risks or factors, reference should be made to the Group's continuous disclosure materials filed from time to time with the Nigerian Stock Exchange and other relevant regulatory authorities. The Group disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.



Key Highlights04Financial Review10Appendix20





Key Highlights



H1 2021 highlights

- Profit before tax of ₦45.2bn (up 9.2% y-o-y)
 - 48.1% increase y-o-y in non-interest Income
 - 20.0% decrease y-o-y in impairment charges
- Continued expansion of electronic banking boosting revenue and driving financial inclusion
 - 32.7% increase y-o-y in e-banking revenues
 - Leading agent banking network in Nigeria with 117k+ agents
- Sustained improvement in asset quality
 - Further decline in NPL ratio to 7.2% (FY20: 7.7%)
- Notable growth in quality loans and advances
 - 14.5% increase in net customer loans to top quality obligors
- New Board appointments (non-executive directors) at FBNHoldings and FirstBank
 - Retention of Executive Management across the enterprise

In the past 5 years, Management has focused on strengthening the organisation, driving stability and renaissance

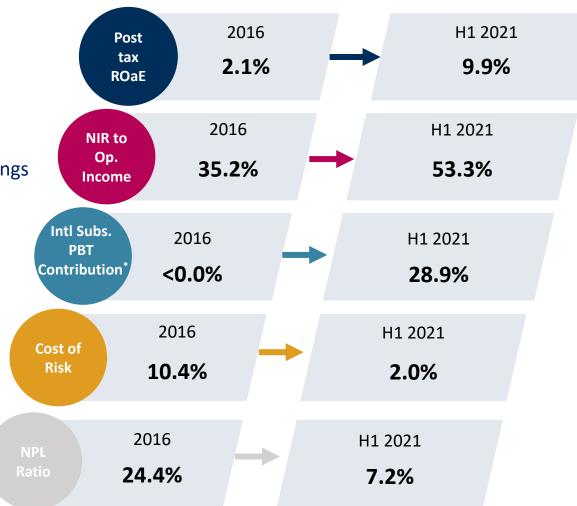
Optimising earnings through efficient balance sheet management and cost management

Revenue diversification with focus on transaction-led and electronic banking offerings

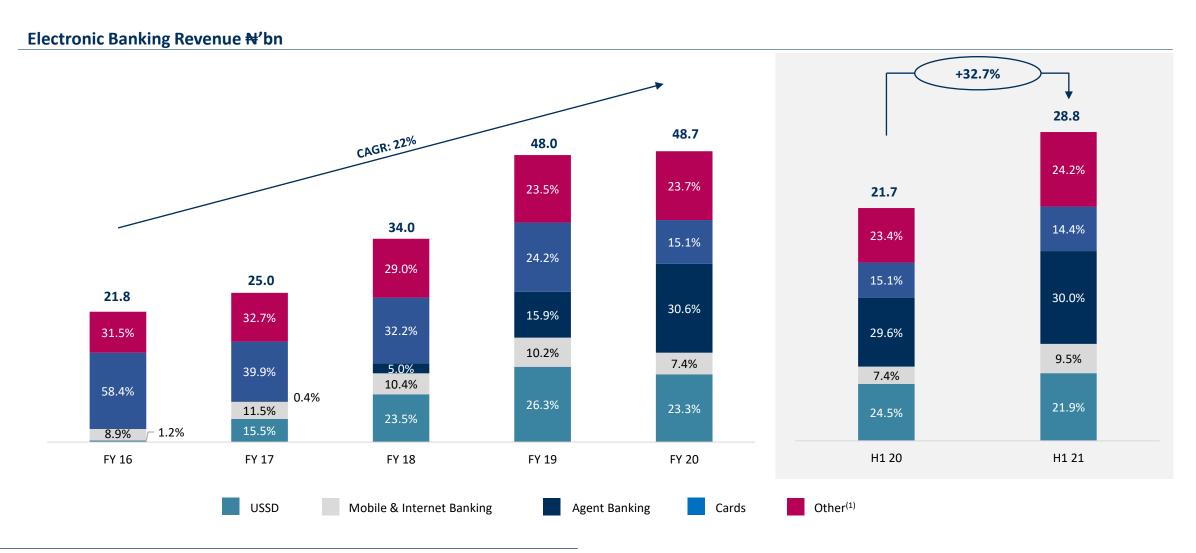
Improvement in subsidiary contribution to profitability

Radical overhaul of the Group's risk management practices

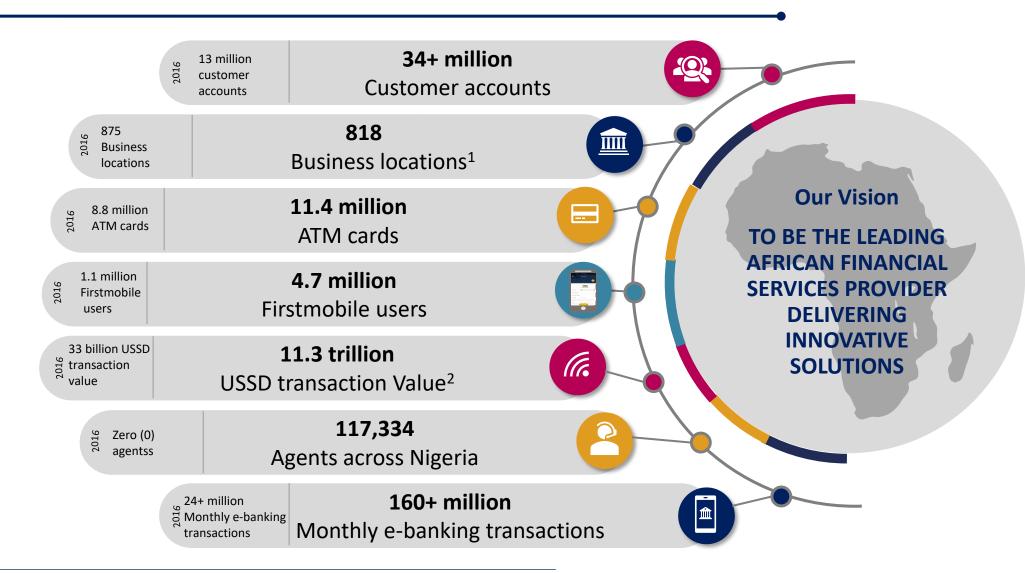
Improved asset quality and de-risked loan book



Creating an electronic banking unicorn



FBNHoldings today: Leading player with a solid platform to grow



1. This includes 591 local branches, 144 QSPs and agencies for FirstBank (Nigeria) and 83, (local and international) subsidiary locations) 2. Inception to date – 2016 - June 2021

2024 strategic plan centers on delivering growth, improving returns and enhancing customer experience

Strategic Priorities

Drive revenue growth and diversification

- Leveraging portfolio of businesses to deliver robust solutions to customers
- Deepening digital product adoption and use
- Scaling-up agency banking network and increased value proposition

Optimise regional footprint

- Increasing contributions from subsidiaries via organic growth in existing markets
- Expanding digital footprint to reach underserved and new customers
- Exploring new local and regional opportunities with acquisition/partnership considerations

Enhance operational efficiency

- Continuing automation of key processes in the Bank to improve quality of service, turnaround time and manage risk
- Consolidating technology deployments across the Group

Deliver innovative solutions that enrich customer experience

- Continuing end-to-end digitization of the customer journey to enhance experience
- Harnessing data analytics, leveraging robotics and AI, to create bespoke experiences for customers

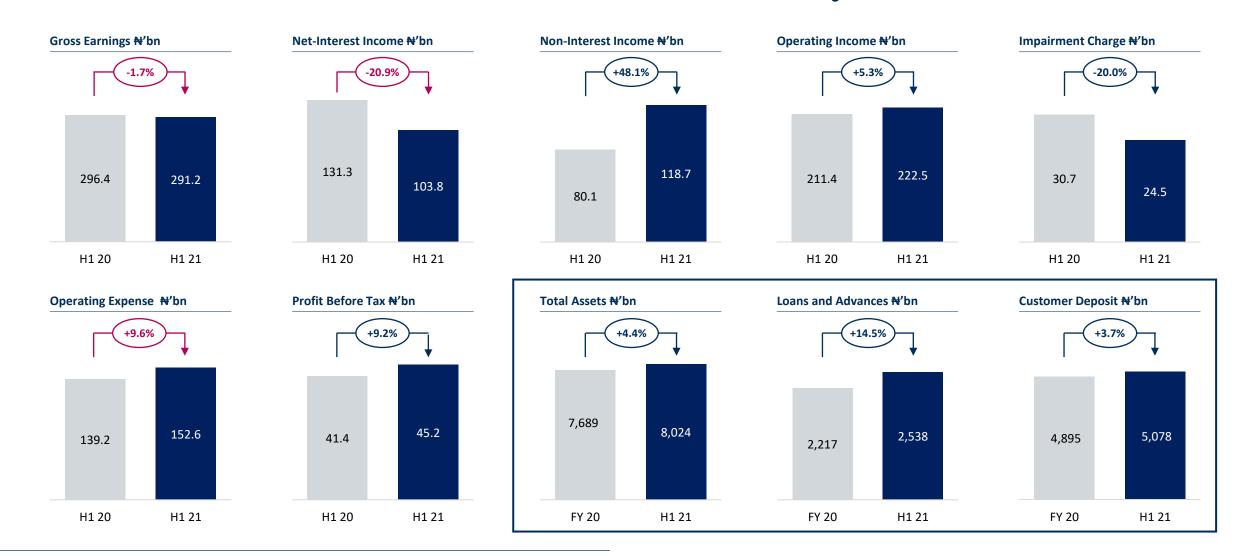




Financial Review



Resilient performance



Profit after tax including discontinued operations is ₦38.0 (H1 20, 49.5). The discontinued operation in H1 20 was FBN Insurance

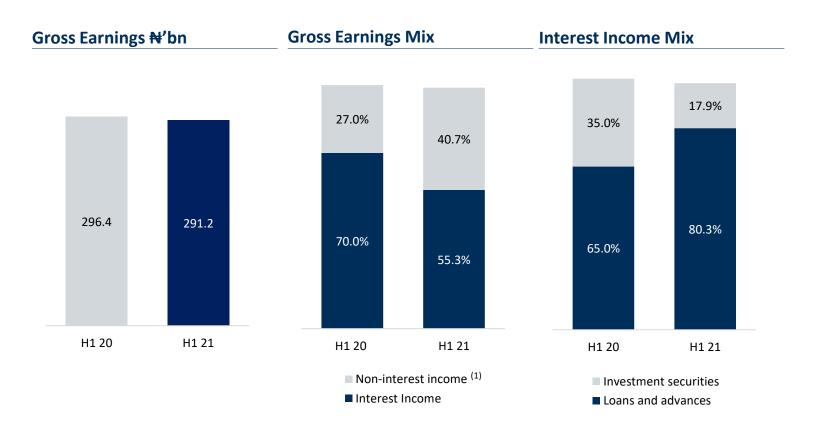
Driving stability and improving asset quality



⁽¹⁾ CAR is for FirstBank (Nigeria); CAR for the Merchant Banking business is 26.6% for FY 2020 and 21.4% for H1 2021 ⁽²⁾ Liquidity Ratio for FirstBank (Nigeria)

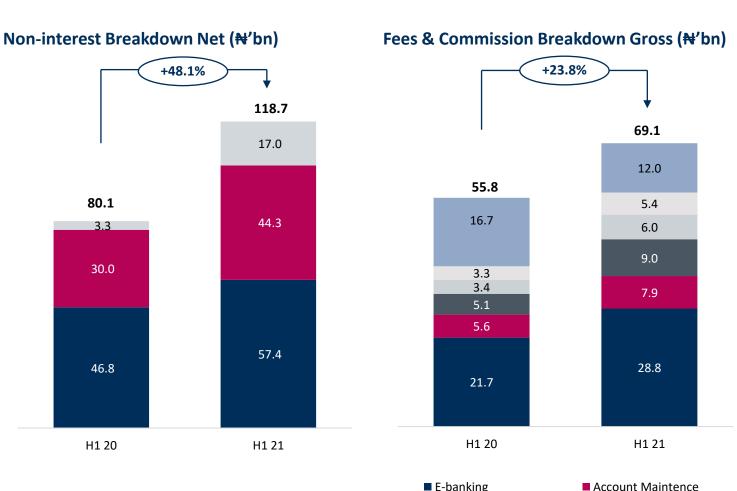
Revenue supported by improved non-interest income contribution

- Gross earnings declined 1.7% y-o-y to
 ₦291.2bn, but improved 13.2% in Q2 21 from Q1 21
- Significant shift in earnings mix as contribution from Non-interest income continues to increase
- Quarterly improvement also supported by increase in interest income and elongated tenor of fixed income instruments
- Focus is on driving asset creation from a strong pipeline and optimizing pricing



Enhancing non-interest income generative capacity

- Non-interest income increased 48.1% y-o-y to ₩118.7
- Electronic banking fees grew by 32.7% y-o-y, despite regulatory developments reducing fees by c. 50%
- Increased electronic banking fees contribution to fees and commission (H1: 21 41.7% vs H1 20: 38.9%)
- Letters of credit commission grew 74.5% y-o-y in line with our facilitation capability, funding reliability, competitive pricing and other value additions to our clients
- Payment and cash management fees contribution benefited from continued platform enhancement
- Gains on investment securities grew by 30.4% y-o-y through efficient treasury management
- Diversification benefit coming through from annuity income (Asset Management and Trustee)



Net fees & commission

Trading income Other

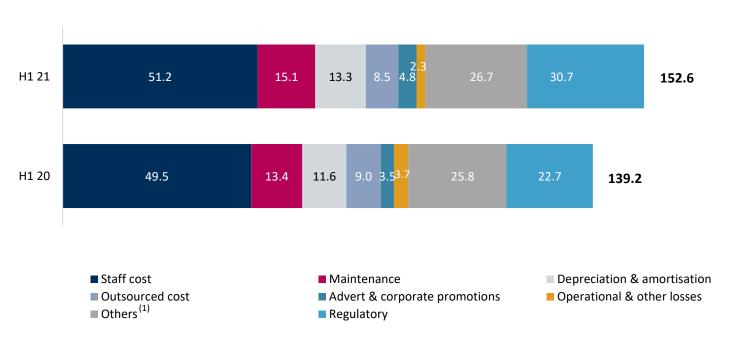
LoC commission & fees
 Remittances
 Account Maintence
 Credit related fees
 Others⁽¹⁾

⁽¹⁾ Others include commission on bonds and guarantees, custodian fees, financial advisory fees, fund management fees, brokerage and Intermediations, other fees and commissions, trust fee income

Controlled costs despite high inflationary environment, currency devaluation and increased regulatory cost

- Opex increased by 9.6% y-o-y to ₦152.6 bn; materially below the inflation rate of 17.8%
- Regulatory cost increased by +35.4% y-o-y; the largest driver for the opex increase over the comparable period
- Maintaining focus on cost control remains key priority

OPEX Drivers (₦'bn)

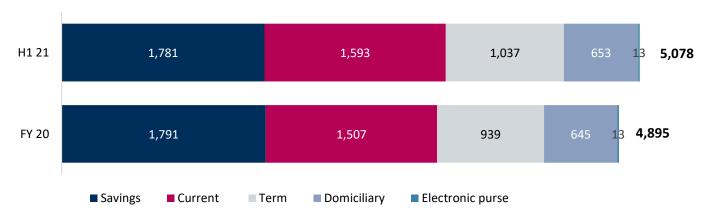


⁽¹⁾ Amortization and Impairment, directors' remuneration, cash handling charges, communication, lights and power, legal & professional fees, donations & Subscriptions, insurance premium, rent and rates, stationery & printing, passages and travels & other operating expenses

Solid retail franchise continues to support liquidity

- Customer deposits increased by 3.7% to ₦5.1 trillion (FY 20: ₦4.9 trillion)
- Liquidity position further supported by increased agent banking and e-banking growth
- Retail banking remains key driver of deposit growth with low-cost deposits at 91.7% of total deposits (FY 20: 91.4%) in First Bank Nigeria
- Strong access to funding with an unwavering support from market counterparts

Customer Deposits Mix (₩'bn)



First Bank of Nigeria Low-cost deposits ⁽¹⁾



Increasing diversified loan book

47.3% 48.9% 50.4% 54.2% 52.1% 52.5% 52.7% 51.1% 49.6% 45.8% 47.9% 47.5% FY 16 FY 17 FY 18 FY 18 FY 20 H1 21 FCY LCY

First Bank of Nigeria Loan Currency Mix

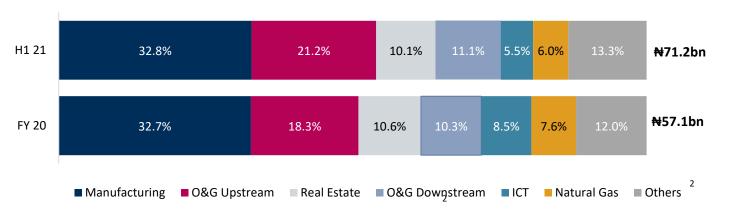
First Bank of Nigeria Gross Loan per Sector



■ Manufacturing ■ O&G Upstream ■ O&G Downstream ■ O&G Services ■ Government ■ Construction ■ Real Estate ■ ICT ■ Others¹

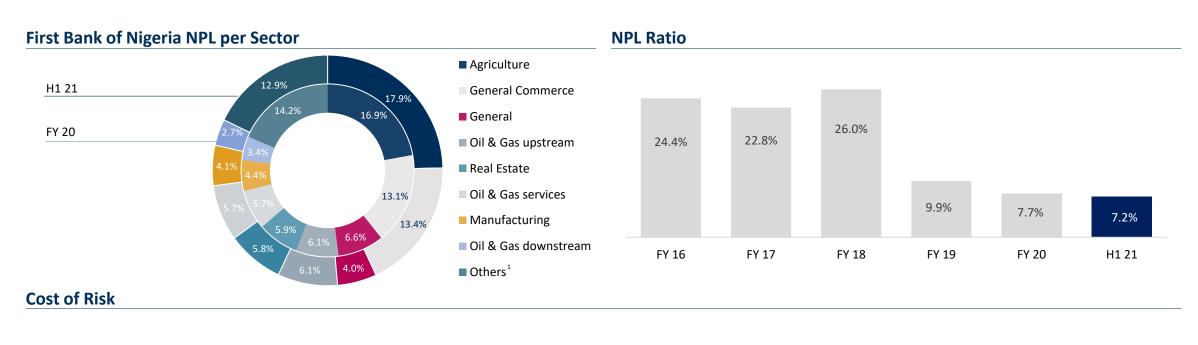
- Net customer loans increased by 14.5% y-t-d
- Maintained currency mix (FCY: 47.5% vs. LCY: 52.5%) despite devaluation through growth in LCY loan book
- Restructured 14.0% of the loan book primarily in the oil & gas, power and utilities sectors
- Continuous optimization of transaction pipeline

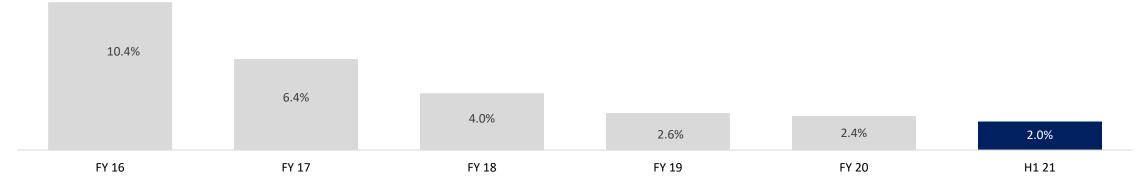
FBNQuest Merchant Bank Gross Loan per Sector



⁽¹⁾Personal & professional, power & energy, general, general commerce, public utilities, agriculture, transportation, finance & insurance, education, human health & arts ⁽²⁾Construction, General, Admin & Support Services, Power & Energy, Finance & Insurance, General Commerce & Transportation & Government.

Asset quality improvements supporting the drive to enhance balance sheet strength

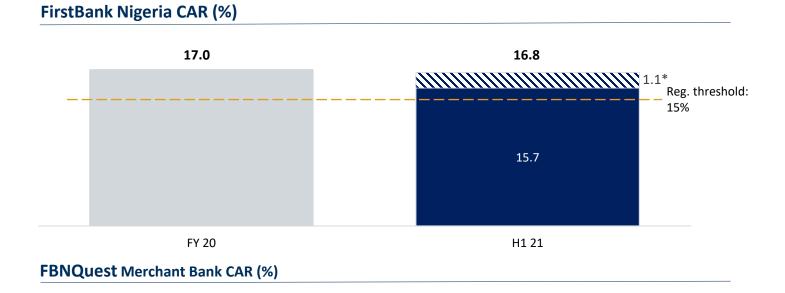


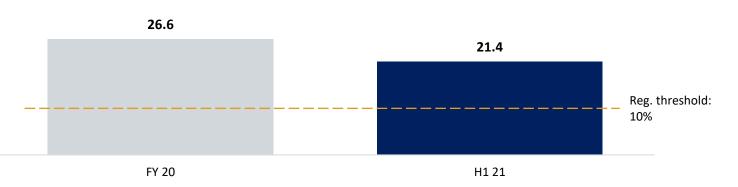


⁽¹⁾Others include personal & professional, construction, transportation, power & energy, education, ICT, Health, finance & insurance & arts

Cleaner balance sheet and resilient earnings generative capacity continue to provide a solid platform for sustainable capital accretion

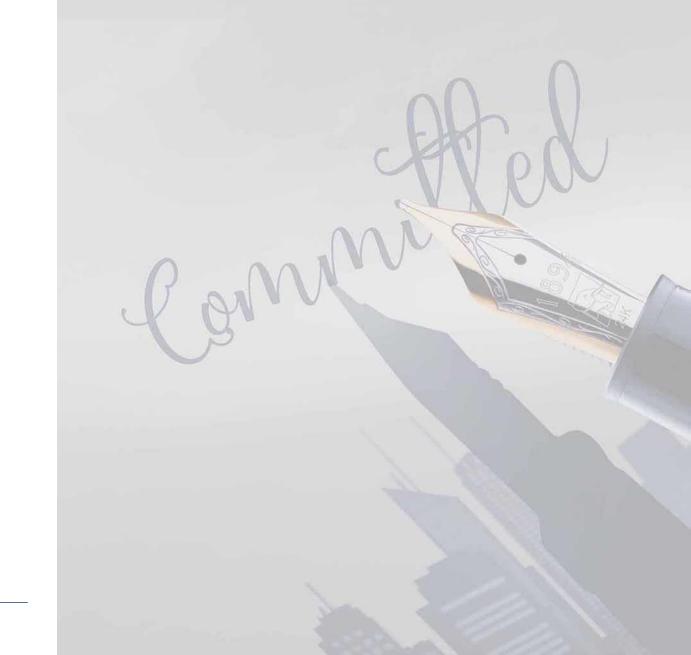
- First Bank Nigeria H1 21 CAR at 16.8% including half year profit (15.7% exc. profit)
- Businesses across the group are sufficiently capitalized
- Increasingly diversified earnings from non-capital consuming sources support capital capacity







Appendix



Commercial Banking Group

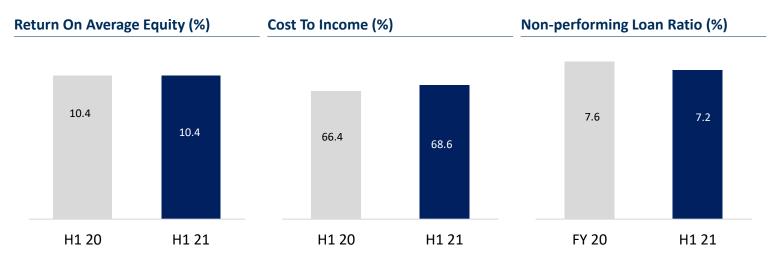
Driving sustainable growth and profitability

- Strong performance despite a challenging operating environment with 17.9% y-o-y profit before tax
- Enhanced earnings have been driven by 50.1% y-o-y growth in non-interest income and 22.6% decline in impairment charge
- Electronic banking have continued to boost noninterest income growing 32.7% y-o-y and now contributing 44.9% (H1 21: 41.9%)
- In line with our strategic focus on improving asset quality, NPL ratio has continued to decline from 7.6% in FY 20 to 7.2%, further strengthening the balance sheet
- Focus is on driving quality asset creation and optimising pricing
- Contribution from our international subsidiaries continues to improve, now 28.9% from 8.5% in the prior period
- Going into the second half of 2021, the expectation is to fully harness the returns from the strong and quality risk assets portfolio created in the first half of the year, taking advantage of the uptick in interest rates

Key financial highlights & performance ratios
Income statement

N bn	H1 20	H1 21	у-о-у
Gross earnings	278.7	273.9	-1.7%
Operating income	198.9	211.8	6.5%
Impairment charge	30.5	23.6	-22.6%
Net interest income	126.1	102.4	-18.8%
Non-interest icnome	72.8	109.3	50.1%
Operating expense	132.1	145.3	10.0%
Profit before tax	36.4	42.9	17.9%
Profit after tax	32.6	37.4	14.7%

Statement of Financial Position					
Nbn	FY 20	H1 21	у-о-у		
Loans and advances	2,220.5	2,528.8	13.9%		
Deposits from customers	4,715.0	4,877.2	3.4%		
Shareholders fund	705.3	729.2	3.4%		
Total assets	7,367.5	7,689.4	4.4%		



Merchant Banking and Asset Management Group (FBNQuest)

Fee/Annuity Income dominates as net interest margins contract

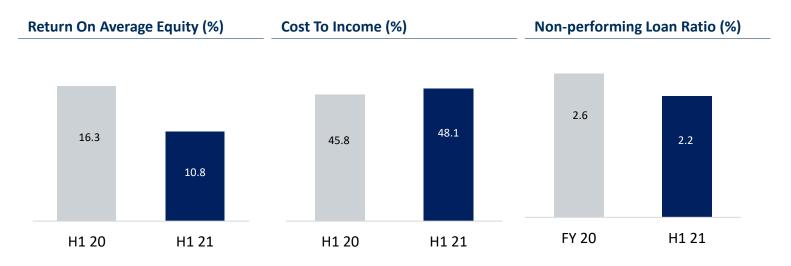
- Profit before tax declined by 19.4% y-o-y driven by a 53.0% decline in net interest income which was moderated by a 28.0% growth in non-interest income largely from the Asset Management, Structured Products and Trustees businesses
- The drop in net interest income is attributable to lower yields on assets y-o-y and increasing cost of funds in Q2 21
- The marginal growth in operating expense despite the inflationary economy was due to strict cost containment initiatives which we will continue to drive for the rest of the year
- AuM declined by 16% in H1 21 as investors liquidated their holdings in search of higher returns with the upturn in the fixed income market.
- Going forward, the focus remains on improving net revenues, containing costs, optimizing our platforms (people, processes), driving digital and innovation, and actively building business partnerships

Key Financial Highlights & Performance Ratios

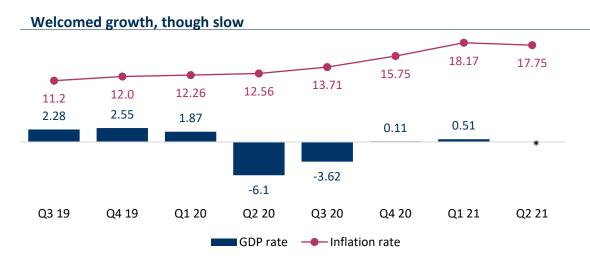
Income statement				
₩mn	H1 20	H1 21	у-о-у	
Gross earnings	17, 480	18,337	4.9%	
Operating income	11,553	10,482	-9.3%	
Operating expense	5,436 5,552		2.1%	
Profit before tax	6,118 4,929		-19.4%	
Profit after tax	4,181	3,298	-21.1%	

Statement of Financial Position

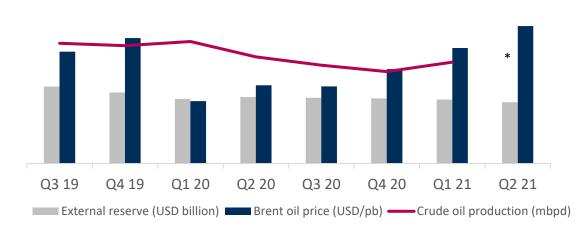
FY 20	H1 21	у-о-у
55,759	69,729	25.1%
203,301	224,504	10.4%
59.253	63.092	6.5%
,	,	3.9%
	55,759	55,759 69,729 203,301 224,504 59,253 63,092



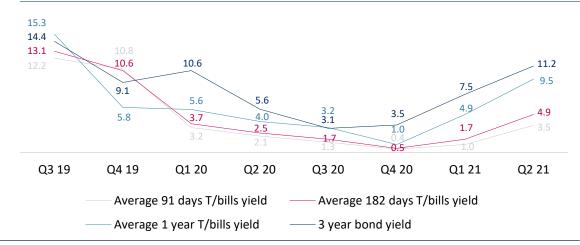
Benign improvement in operating environment



Increase in oil price helps to stabilise reserves



Upward reversal in fixed income yields



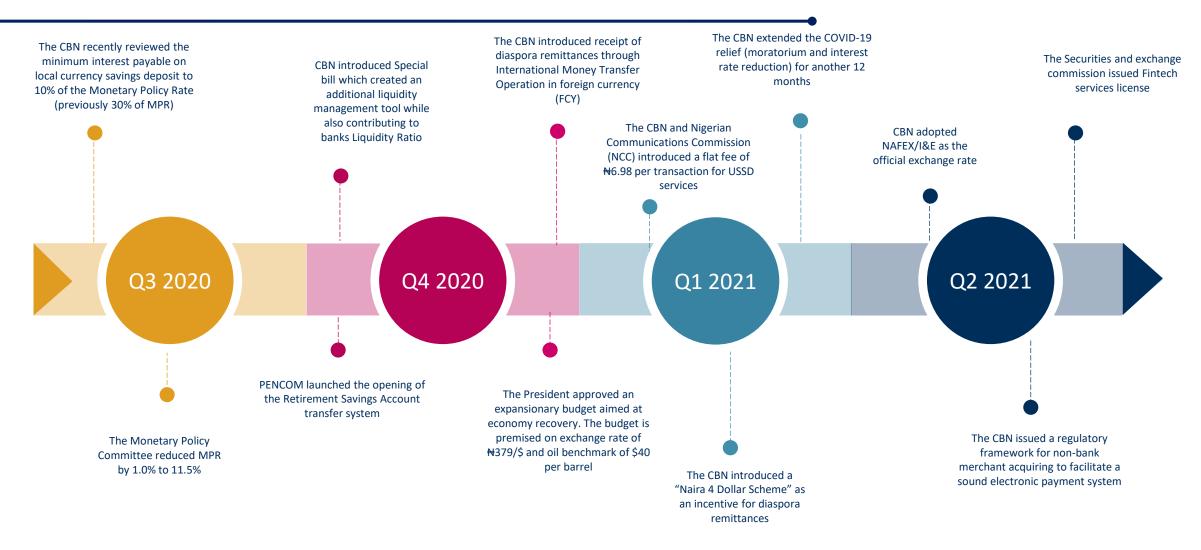
Convergence of the CBN rate and NAFEX



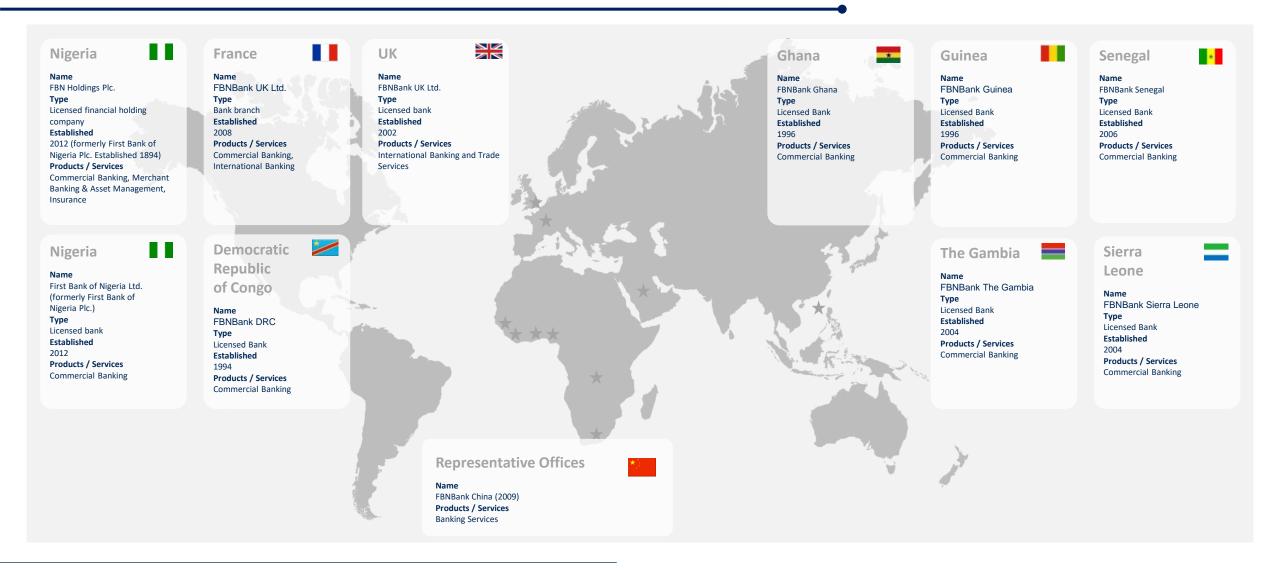
Data source: CBN, NBS, OPEC, Abokifx and FBNHoldings Investor Relations * Crude oil production and GDP growth is obtained from NBS, but Q2 2021 data is yet to be published

Appendix

Key regulatory and policy interventions



Global footprint



Definitions

- Cost-to-income ratio computed as operating expenses divided by operating income
- Cost of risk computed as annualised impairment charges divided by the average opening and closing gross loans balances
- Net-interest margin computed as annualised net interest income divided by the average opening and closing balances of interest earning assets excluding financial assets at fair value through profit & loss plus unlisted debts
- Operating income is defined as gross earnings less interest expense, fee and commission expense, insurance claims and share of profit/loss from associate
- Pre-provision operating profit computed as operating profit plus impairment charge
- Net revenue computed as operating income plus share of profit/loss from associates
- NPL coverage computed as loan loss provisions plus statutory credit reserves divided by non-performing loans
- Loans to deposits ratio computed as gross loans divided by total customer deposits
- Leverage ratio computed as total assets divided by total shareholders' funds
- Return on average equity computed as profit after tax (annualised) divided by the average opening and closing balances attributable to its equity holders
- Return on average assets computed as profit after tax (annualised) divided by the average opening and closing balances of total assets

Contact details

Head, Investor Relations

Tolulope Oluwole



Tolulope.O.Oluwole@fbnholdings.com

+234 (1) 905 2720

Investor Relations Team



investor.relations@fbnholdings.com

